# Single Supply Quad Comparators

#### **MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Power Supply Voltage	V		

 $\textbf{ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS} \; (\text{V}_{CC} = +5.0 \; \text{Vdc}, \; \text{T}_{\text{A}} = +25^{\circ}\text{C}, \; \text{unless otherwise noted})$ 

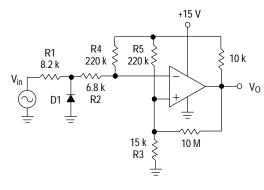
		LM339S			LM2901S	
Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max		Unit

#### **APPLICATIONS INFORMATION**

These quad comparators feature high gain, wide bandwidth characteristics. This gives the device oscillation tendencies if the outputs are capacitively coupled to the inputs via stray capacitance. This oscillation manifests itself during output transitions ( $V_{OL}$  to  $V_{OH}$ ). To alleviate this situation input resistors < 10 k $\Omega$  should be used. The

addition of positive feedback (< 10 mV) is also recommended. It is good design practice to ground all unused input pins.

Differential input voltages may be larger than supply voltages without damaging the comparator's inputs. Voltages more negative than -300 mV should not be used.



D1 prevents input from going negative by more than 0.6 V.

$$R1 + R2 = R3$$

 $R3 \le \frac{R5}{10}$  for small error in zero crossing

Figure 6. Zero Crossing Detector (Single Supply)

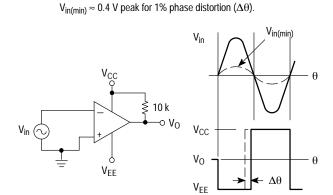
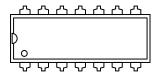
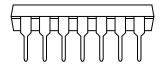


Figure 7. Zero Crossing Detector (Split Supplies)

ORDE0 0 cf\*Qq 1 0 . 0 12 258.1795 757.8709 Tm0 g0 T87 -1.4447-46tl11.Q1 gq 1 0Tj/F6 4 - 0 6trm 007-4 - 0 6trm 007-4 - 24 1.1055 T





STYLE 1: STYLE 2: STYLE 3:
PIN 1. COLLECTOR
2. BASE
3. EMITTER
4. NO
CONNECTION
5. EMITTER
6. BASE
7. COLLECTOR
8. COLLECTOR
9. BASE
10. EMITTER
11. NO
CONNECTION
12. EMITTER
13. BASE
14. COLLECTOR

